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Chapter 17: Summary of Significant Effects

Department: ERM Project: Bowshiel Solar Farm and BESS Document Code: 0733784

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17. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS

17.1 Introduction

- 17.1.1.1 This Chapter provides a summary of the predicted environmental effects of the Proposed Development that would be considered Significant under EIA Regulations, as identified through the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) process.
- 17.1.1.2 Each technical chapter (**Chapters 6–15**) of the EIA Report (EIAR) assesses the likely environmental effects arising from the construction, operation, and decommissioning of the Proposed Development. This Chapter presents a consolidated overview of those findings.
- 17.1.1.3 **Table 17.1** below identifies the receptor, the predicted significant effect, and a high level overview of the embedded or additional mitigation associated with the predicted effect.
- 17.1.1.4 Detailed descriptions of all proposed mitigation measures are provided in **Chapter 18:** Schedule of Mitigation.
- 17.1.1.5 The level of effects has been determined using the methodology set out in each technical chapter. Unless otherwise stated, effects are categorised as major, moderate, minor, or negligible.

TABLE 17.1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS

CHAPTER	RECEPTOR	PREDICTED EFFECT	MITIGATION	
Construction and Decommissioning Phases				
	No significant residual effects on Landscape Character or designated Landscapes are predicted during the Construction and Decommissioning Phase			
Chapter 6: Landscape and Visual	Visual effects on Right of Way BB84 through the Site.	Frequent and close proximity views of construction and decommissioning activity.	 Embedded Mitigation Managing existing hedgerows and panel setbacks Reinforcement of existing hedgerows and creation of Existing hedgerows would be 'gapped up' where they a provide more effective visual mitigation (and enhance New hedgerows will also be planted around the outer solar panel areas where there is no existing hedgerow Seeding and management of panel areas - The landsc would be maintained to ensure it remains suitable for supporting biodiversity during operation. These measure instatement of the present landscape character position. 	
	Visual effects on the Southern Upland Way	Views of the Proposed Development from 0.6 km of the long distance route viewed from the east. Potential for further stretches of visibility if felling occurs in certain areas of woodland passed through by the route.	 Embedded Mitigation Managing existing hedgerows and panel setbacks Reinforcement of existing hedgerows and creation of Existing hedgerows would be 'gapped up' where they a provide more effective visual mitigation (and enhance New hedgerows will also be planted around the outer solar panel areas where there is no existing hedgerow Seeding and management of panel areas - The landsc would be maintained to ensure it remains suitable for supporting biodiversity during operation. These measu reinstatement of the present landscape character posi- 	
Chapter 7: Archaeology and Cultural Heritage	No significant residual effects on Archaeology and Cultural Heritage are predicted during the Construction and Decommissioning Phases of the Propo			
Chapter 8: Ecology and Nature Conservation	No significant residual effects on Ecology and Nature Conservation are predicted during the Construction and Decommissioning Phases of the Prop			
Chapter 9: Water Resources and Flood Risk	No significant residual effects on Water Resources and Flood Risk are predicted during the Construction and Decommissioning Phases of the Propos			

RESIDUAL EFFECT

ases of the Proposed Development.

of new hedgerows - y are sparse in order to ce the landscape fabric). er perimeter of most w. scape fabric of the site or future farming whilst sures would also permit pst-operation.	Major / Moderate adverse
of new hedgerows - y are sparse in order to ce the landscape fabric). er perimeter of most w. scape fabric of the site or future farming whilst isures would also permit ost-operation.	Major / Moderate Adverse

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osed Development.

CHAPTER	RECEPTOR	PREDICTED EFFECT	MITIGATION	
Chapter 10: Geology and Soils	No significant residual effects on Geology	and Soils are predicted during the Construction	and Decommissioning Phases of the Proposed Developmer	
Chapter 11: Transport Statement	No significant residual effects on Traffic a	nd Transport are predicted during the Constructi	ion and Decommissioning Phases of the Proposed Developr	
Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration	No significant residual effects on Noise ar	nd Vibration are predicted during the Constructio	on and Decommissioning Phases of the Proposed Developm	
Chapter 13: Socio- economics, land-use, Tourism and Recreation	No significant residual effects on Socio-eo	conomics, Land-use, Tourism and Recreation are	predicted during the Construction and Decommissioning Ph	
Chapter 14: Greenhouse Gas Assessment	No significant residual effects on Greenho	use Gas emissions are predicted during the Con	struction and Decommissioning Phases of the Proposed De	
Chapter 15: Other Issues	No significant residual effects on Glint and Phases of the Proposed Development.	d Glare, Human Health involving Electromagnetic	c Fields, and Major Accidents and Disasters are predicted du	
Chapter 16	No significant residual In-Combination eff	ects are predicted during the Construction and D	ecommissioning Phases of the Proposed Development.	
Operational Phase				
Chapter 6: Landscape and Visual	No significant residual effects on Landsca	pe Character or Designated Landscapes are pre	dicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Develo	

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g Phases of the Proposed [Development.
d Development.	
d during the Construction a	nd Decommissioning
velopment.	

CHAPTER	RECEPTOR	PREDICTED EFFECT	MITIGATION	RESIDUAL EFFECT
	Visual effects on Right of Way BB84 through the Site.	Frequent and close proximity views of construction and decommissioning activity.	 Embedded Mitigation Managing existing hedgerows and panel setbacks Reinforcement of existing hedgerows and creation of new hedgerows - Existing hedgerows would be 'gapped up' where they are sparse in order to provide more effective visual mitigation (and enhance the landscape fabric). New hedgerows will also be planted around the outer perimeter of most solar panel areas where there is no existing hedgerow. Seeding and management of panel areas - The landscape fabric of the site would be maintained to ensure it remains suitable for future farming whilst supporting biodiversity during operation. These measures would also permit reinstatement of the present landscape character post-operation. 	Major / Moderate adverse
	Visual effects on the Southern Upland Way	Views of the Proposed Development from 0.6 km of the long distance route viewed from the east. Potential for further stretches of visibility if felling occurs in certain areas of woodland passed through by the route.	 Embedded Mitigation Managing existing hedgerows and panel setbacks Reinforcement of existing hedgerows and creation of new hedgerows - Existing hedgerows would be 'gapped up' where they are sparse in order to provide more effective visual mitigation (and enhance the landscape fabric). New hedgerows will also be planted around the outer perimeter of most solar panel areas where there is no existing hedgerow. Seeding and management of panel areas - The landscape fabric of the site would be maintained to ensure it remains suitable for future farming whilst supporting biodiversity during operation. These measures would also permit reinstatement of the present landscape character post-operation. 	Major / Moderate Adverse
Chapter 7: Archaeology and Cultural Heritage	No significant residual effects on Archaeology and Cultural Heritage are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			
Chapter 8: Ecology and Nature Conservation	No significant residual effects on Ecology and Nature Conservation are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			
Chapter 9: Water Resources and Flood Risk	No significant residual effects on Water Resources and Flood Risk are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			
Chapter 10: Geology and Soils	No significant residual effects on Geology and Soils are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			

CHAPTER	RECEPTOR	PREDICTED EFFECT	MITIGATION	
Chapter 11: Transport Statement	No significant residual effects on Traffic and Transport are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			
Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration	No significant residual effects on Noise and Vibration are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			
Chapter 13: Socio- economics, land-use, Tourism and Recreation	No significant residual effects on Socio-economics, Land-use, Tourism and Recreation are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed D			
Chapter 14: Greenhouse Gas Atmosphere		Over the Proposed Development's 40-year lifetime it will offset around 1,958, 000 tCO ₂ e of UK grid generation.	N/A	
Chapter 15: Other Issues	No significant residual effects on Glint and Glare, Human Health involving Electromagnetic Fields, and Major Accidents and Disasters are predicted Development.			
Chapter 16	No significant residual In-Combination effects are predicted during the Operational Phase of the Proposed Development.			

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Beneficial during the Operational Phase of the Proposed